INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
Officials		3
Independent Auditor's Report		4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	Exhibit	5-7
Financial Statement:		
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and		
Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets	A	8-9
Notes to Financial Statement		10-15
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial		
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters		
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		16-17
Schedule of Findings		18-19

OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Representing
David Wiley	Chairperson	City of Newell
David Althaus	Vice Chair	City of Sioux Rapids
Tom Huseman	Secretary	City of Alta
Marty Rowley	Treasurer	City of Lakeside
Paul Hoye	Member	City of Storm Lake
Lorna Burnside	Member	Buena Vista County
Erik Mosbo	Member	City of Rembrandt
Barry Meyer	Member	City of Truesdale
Starr Abbas	Member	City of Marathon
Abe Falkena	Member	City of Albert City
Ellsworth Jeppeson	Manager	·

HUNZELMAN, PUTZIER & CO., PLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WESLEY E. STILLE, C.P.A.
JEFFORY B. STARK, C.P.A.
KEITH C. GERMANN, C.P.A.
RICHARD R. MOORE, C.P.A.
KENNETH A. PUTZIER, C.P.A. (RETIRED)
W.J. HUNZELMAN, C.P.A. 1921-1997

1100 WEST MILWAUKEE STORM LAKE, IOWA 50588 712-732-3653 FAX 712-732-3662 info@hpcocpa.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in note 1, this financial statement is prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the cash basis financial position of Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission as of June 30, 2006, and the changes in its cash basis financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2006, on our consideration of Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 7 is not a required part of the financial statement, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Hurzelman, Putzier 5'lo.

November 21, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statement. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Commission's financial statement, which follows.

2006 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Commission's operating receipts decreased 3%, or approximately \$45,000, from fiscal 2005 to fiscal 2006.

The Commission's operating disbursements decreased approximately \$42,000, or 4%, from fiscal 2005 to fiscal 2006.

The Commission's net assets increased 153%, or approximately \$229,000, from June 30, 2005 to June 30, 2006.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Commission has elected to present its financial statement on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting refers to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and the related assets and liabilities. Under the cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses, and the related assets and liabilities, are recorded when they result from cash transactions.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues, and liabilities and their related expenses, are not recorded in this financial statement. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

The annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the cash basis of accounting.

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the financial statement. The annual report consists of the financial statement and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the financial statement and provides an analytical overview of the Commission's financial activities.

The Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets presents information on the Commission's operating receipts and disbursements, non-operating receipts and disbursements, and whether the Commission's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

The Notes to Financial Statement provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statement.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets

The purpose of the statement is to present the receipts received by the Commission and the disbursements paid by the Commission, both operating and non-operating. The statement also presents a fiscal snapshot of the cash balance at year end. Over time, readers of the financial statement are able to determine the Commission's cash basis financial position by analyzing the increase and decrease in cash basis net assets.

Operating receipts are received for user and gate fees from accepting solid waste, pop can redemptions, and assessments from the members of the Commission. Operating disbursements are disbursements paid to operate the landfill. Non-operating receipts and disbursements are for interest earned on investments, equipment, purchases, and debt service principal and interest payments. A summary of cash receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash basis net assets for the years ended June 30, 2006, and June 30, 2005, is presented below:

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets		
And the state of t	Year Ending June 30,	
	<u> 2006</u>	<u> 2005</u>
Operating receipts:		
City and County assessments	\$ 632,741	\$ 632,741
User fees and gate receipts	561,060	592,223
Sale of recycled products	33,875	72,005
Pop can redemption	144,781	118,540
Solid waste exchange	37,106	38,404
Finance charges	189	438
Rent	11,630	12,126
Miscellaneous	5,414	5,511
Total operating receipts	1.426,796	<u>1,471,988</u>
Operating disbursements:		
Salaries and benefits	675,032	672,075
Pop can redemption	125,278	97,344
Solid waste exchange	98	110,814
Other	<u>330,558</u>	292,934
Total operating disbursements	1,130,966	1,173,167
Excess of operating receipts over		
operating disbursements	295,830	<u>298,821</u>
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):		
Interest on investments	7,824	2,974
Debt payments	(57,428)	(243,854)
Equipment purchased	(17,670)	(13,000)
Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)	(67,274)	(253,880)
Net change in cash basis net assets	228,556	44,941
Cash basis net assets, beginning of year	149,673	104,732
Cash basis net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 378,229</u>	S_149,673

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION – (Continued)

In fiscal 2006, operating receipts decreased by \$45,192, or 3%. The decrease was primarily a result of sale of recycled products decreasing by \$38,130, gate fees decreasing by \$31,163 due to a decrease in waste received, and pop can redemption increasing by \$26,241. In fiscal 2006, operating disbursements decreased by \$42,201, or 4%. The decrease was primarily due to an \$110,716 decrease in amounts paid for solid waste exchange, because the commission is attempting to fill the landfill before the possible closure in October of 2007, and a \$27,934 increase in pop can redemption.

A portion of the Commission's net assets, \$138,836 (37%), is restricted for closure and postclosure care and \$1,633 (0.4%) is restricted for solid waste tonnage fees. State and federal laws and regulations require the Commission to place a final cover on the landfill site and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for a minimum of thirty years after closure. The remaining net assets (63%) are unrestricted net assets that can be used to meet the Commission's obligations as they come due. Restricted net assets increased \$100,529, or 252%, during the year. The increase was due to additional funds being set aside for closure and postclosure care. Unrestricted net assets increased \$128,027, or 117%, during the year due mainly to payoff of a portion of the Commission's long term debt in the prior year.

LONG TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2006, the Commission had \$33,386 of Buena Vista County loans, \$32,700 of Citizens Bank loans, and a \$40,423 installment loan to Ziegler, outstanding. The Buena Vista County and Citizens Bank loans were issued in previous years to finance the construction of the recycling center and the leachate collection system. The installment sale purchase agreement to Ziegler was entered into on October 15, 2004, to finance the purchase of a Caterpillar tractor/dozer.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission continued to improve its financial position during the current fiscal year. However, the current condition of the economy in the state continues to be a concern for Commission officials. Some of the realities that may potentially become challenges for the Commission to meet are:

Facilities require constant maintenance and upkeep.

Technology continues to expand and current technology becomes outdated presenting an on-going challenge to maintain up-to-date technology at a reasonable cost.

EPA's (Environmental Protection Agency) requirement to be compliant as a Subtitle D facility by October 2007, while following all rules and regulations. This likely means the Commission will need to close the present landfill and send waste elsewhere.

Annual deposits required to be made to closure and post-closure accounts are based on constantly changing cost estimates and the number of tons of solid waste received at the facility.

The Commission anticipates the current fiscal year will be one of transition as it makes important decisions regarding the future of solid waste in this planning area.

CONTACTING THE COMMISSION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to show the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. If there are questions about this report or additional financial information is needed, contact Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission, 1263 630th Street, Storm Lake, Iowa.

BUENA VISTA COUNTY SOLID WASTE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Exhibit A

(Continued)

Operating receipts:	
City and County assessments	\$ 632,741
User fees and gate receipts	561,060
Sale of recycled products	33,875
Pop can redemption	144,781
Solid waste exchange	37,106
Finance charges	189
Rent	11,630
Miscellaneous	5,414
Total operating receipts	1,426,796
Operating disbursements:	
Salaries and benefits	675,032
Solid waste exchange	98
Monthly meeting reimbursement	4,985
Heavy equipment maintenance	18,691
Fuel, oil, and lubricants	51,903
Operating supplies and repairs	26,769
Office expenses	6,915
Utilities	26,578
Travel and continuing education	1,912
Insurance	61,120
Engineering and testing services	22,619
Legal and accounting services	7,036
Hauling and freight	20,493
Pop can redemption	125,278
Real estate taxes	1,640
Solid waste fees and sales tax	26,440
Regional collection center	7,674
White goods disposal	11,800
Closure	25,366
Miscellaneous	8,617
Total operating disbursements	1,130,966
Excess of operating receipts over	
operating disbursements	295,830
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):	
Interest on investments	7,824
Equipment purchases	(17,670)
Principal payments on debt	(53,052)
Interest payments on debt	(4,376)
Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)	(67,274)
	seema raman en disceren articles and raman articles are articles and raman articles are articles a
	(A*Y

BUENA VISTA COUNTY SOLID WASTE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND

CHANGES IN CASH BASIS NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006	
Net change in cash basis net assets	\$ 228,556
Cash basis net assets, beginning of year	149,673
Cash basis net assets, end of year	\$ 378,229
Cash Basis Net Assets: Restricted for: Closure and postclosure Solid waste tonnage fee Total restricted net assets Unrestricted	\$ 138,836 1,633 140,469 237,760
Total cash basis net assets	\$ 378,229

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission was formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The purpose of the Commission is to develop, operate, and maintain solid waste and recycling facilities in Buena Vista County on behalf of the units of government which are members of the Commission.

The governing body of the Commission is composed of one representative from each of the nine member cities and one representative from Buena Vista County. The member cities are: Albert City, Alta, Lakeside, Marathon, Newell, Rembrandt, Sioux Rapids, Storm Lake, and Truesdale. The commissioners are appointed by the participating political subdivisions and each has one vote.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities. The Commission has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Commission are such that exclusion would cause the Commission's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the Commission to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the Commission. The Commission has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Jointly Governed Organization

The Commission also participates in a jointly governed organization, PCB Solid Waste Commission, whose purpose is to provide leadership in developing and preparing a joint comprehensive Solid Waste Management Plan and to assist in facilitating the disposal of any type of solid waste within the geographic area of the Commission.

Plymouth, Cherokee, and Buena Vista landfills are members of PCB Solid Waste Commission.

The Commission does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating Commissions.

C. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Commission are organized as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are utilized to finance and account for acquisition, operation, and maintenance of governmental facilities and services supported by user charges.

Enterprise Funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an Enterprise Fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statement of the Commission is prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued items, including the estimated payables for closure and post-closure care. Accordingly, the financial statement does not present the financial position and results of operations of the Commission in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

E. Net Assets

Funds set aside for payment of closure and postclosure care and solid waste tonnage fees retained are classified as restricted.

2. Cash

The Commission's deposits in banks at June 30, 2006, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Commission is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Commission; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

In addition the Commission had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$229,225 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> - The Commission's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Commission.

The Commission had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 3, as amended by Statement 40.

3. Notes and Loans

The Commission has an unsecured promissory note in the original amount of \$94,486 payable to Buena Vista County. Repayment of this interest-free loan to the County began August 1, 1993, with annual payments of \$4,700 over a 20 year period. The note balance was \$33,386 on June 30, 2006.

3. Notes and Loans - (Continued)

The Commission entered into a loan agreement with Citizens First National Bank on June 6, 1996, to finance at 6.25% the construction of a Leachate collection system, with \$375,000 as the maximum loan amount. Advances totaling \$359,000 were made under this loan agreement during the year ending June 30, 1997. Interest is due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Ten equal principal installments of \$35,900 are due annually starting December 1, 1997. The interest rate was adjusted to 4.46%, effective December 1, 2001. The loan balance was \$32,700 as of June 30, 2006.

The Commission entered into an installment sale agreement with Ziegler, Inc., on October 15, 2004, for the purchase of a Caterpillar Tractor/Dozer. The amount financed was \$52,875 with annual payments of \$14,567, which includes interest at 4%, due each October 15th from 2005 to 2008. The note balance was \$40,423 on June 30, 2006.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above notes, bonds, and loans are as follows:

Year Ending	Interest			
<u>June 30</u> ,	Rates	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2007	4.00 - 4.46%	\$ 50,349	\$2,348	\$ 52,697
2008	4.00	18,168	1,099	19,267
2009	4.00	18,706	561	19,267
2010	••	4,700	•••	4,700
2011	**	4,700		4,700
2012	-	4,700	194	4,700
2013	×44	5,186		5,186
		\$106,509	\$4,008	\$110,517

4. Pension and Retirement Benefits

The Commission contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, IA, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual covered salary and the Commission is required to contribute 5.75% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements are established by State statue. The Commission's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$26,742, \$27,999, and \$27,328, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

5. Closure and Postclosure Care

To comply with federal and state regulations, the Commission is required to complete a monitoring system plan and a closure/postclosure plan and to provide funding necessary to effect closure and postclosure, including the proper monitoring and care of the landfill after closure.

Environmental Protection Commission (EPA) requirements have established closure and thirty year postclosure care requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills that receive waste after October 9, 1993. State governments are primarily responsible for implementation and enforcement of those requirements and

5. Closure and Postclosure Care - (Continued)

have been given flexibility to tailor requirements to accommodate local conditions that exist. The effect of the EPA requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring functions as a condition for the right to operate the landfill in the current period.

The EPA requirements provide that when a landfill stops accepting waste, it must be covered with a minimum of twenty-four inches of earth to keep liquid away from the buried waste. Once the landfill is closed, the owner is responsible for maintaining the final cover, monitoring ground water and methane gas, and collecting and treating leachate (the liquid that drains out of waste) for thirty years.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 requires landfill owners to estimate total landfill closure and postclosure care costs and recognize a portion of these costs each year based on the percentage of estimated total landfill capacity used that period. Estimated total costs consist of four components: (1) the cost of equipment and facilities used in postclosure monitoring and care, (2) the cost of final cover (material and labor), (3) the cost of monitoring the landfill during the postclosure period, and (4) the cost of any environmental cleanup required after closure. Estimated total cost is based on the cost to purchase those services and equipment currently and is required to be updated annually for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations.

The total costs to the Commission for closure and postclosure cost as of June 30, 2006, has been estimated at approximately \$173,880 and \$874,500, respectively. These liabilities have been guaranteed by Buena Vista County per Chapter 111.6(7) of the Iowa Code. The landfill has an estimated remaining life of three years as of June 30, 2006.

6. Compensated Absences

Commission employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement, or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the Commission until used or paid. The Commission's approximate liability for earned vacation payments at June 30, 2006, was \$16,017. This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2006.

7. Solid Waste Tonnage Fees Retained

The Commission retains solid waste tonnage fees in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa. At June 30, 2006, the unspent amounts retained by the Commission and restricted for the required specific purposes totaled \$1,633.

8. Risk Management

The Commission is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 531 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

8. Risk Management - (Continued)

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses, and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 300 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The Commission's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The Commission's annual contribution to the Pool was \$34,811 for the year ending June 30, 2006.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$100,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured on an individual-member basis.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2006, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its capital contributions, however, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

The Commission also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation and the employee blanket bond in the amount of \$1,000,000 and \$200,000, respectively. The Commission assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

9. Major Customers

For the year ended June 30, 2006, two customers accounted for approximately 55% of the gate receipts.

10. Subsequent Event

The Commission has entered into a contract to modify the current recycling system to increase separation of recyclable and combustible materials. The total cost of this project is \$110,882 and will be paid with a \$53,066 loan from the Iowa Department of Natural Resources, \$20,000 of which is forgivable and not required to be repaid, and funds on hand.

HUNZELMAN, PUTZIER & CO., PLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WESLEY E. STILLE, C.P.A.
JEFFORY B. STARK, C.P.A.
KEITH C. GERMANN, C.P.A.
RICHARD R. MOORE, C.P.A.
KENNETH A. PUTZIER, C.P.A. (RETIRED)
W.J. HUNZELMAN, C.P.A. 1921-1997

1100 WEST MILWAUKEE STORM LAKE, 10WA 50588 712-732-3653 FAX 712-732-3662 info@hpoocpa.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2006. Our report expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statement, which was prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statement. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statement being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the reportable condition described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Commission's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statement of the Commission. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the members and customers of Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission and other parties to whom the Agency may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Buena Vista County Solid Waste Commission during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Jungalman, Tutyie ilo.

November 21, 2006

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Findings Related to the Financial Statement:

INSTANCES OF NONCOMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

REPORTABLE CONDITION:

(A) <u>Segregation of Duties</u> - One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. We noted that bank deposits, opening mail, recording receipts and disbursements, checks and payroll preparation, and bank reconciliation are all handled by one individual.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the Commission should review its operating procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - Due to limited office personnel, segregation of duties is difficult. Thorough review of the financial reports will be done monthly, dated, and initialed by the reviewer. We will try to achieve segregation of duties by associating duties between the treasurer, manager, office bookkeeper, and office staff.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:

- (1) <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> We noted no disbursements that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- (2) <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of Commission money for travel expenses of spouses of Commission officials or employees were noted.
- (3) <u>Commission Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Commission minutes but were not.
- (4) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Commission's investment policy were noted.
- (5) Solid Waste Fees Retainage During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Commission used or retained the solid waste fees in accordance with Chapter 455B.310(2)of the Code of Iowa.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting: (Continued)

- (6) Financial Assurance The Commission has demonstrated financial assurance for closure and postclosure care costs by obtaining a local government guaranty as provided in Chapter 111.6(7) of the Iowa Administrative Code and by requesting a variance to Iowa Administrative Code Section 567 Chapter 111.8, which requires fully funding closure and postclosure accounts before the closure of the landfill. The variance has been approved and provides as follows:
 - a. Use the remaining life of the Buena Vista County landfill to set aside funds in the closure account for costs to close the landfill consistent with the landfill engineer's closure estimate; and
 - b. Within ten (10) years after close of the landfill or by June 30, 2018, whichever is shorter, set aside funds in the postclosure account for costs to maintain the site for the remainder of the postclosure period consistent with the landfill engineer's postclosure cost estimate.

The total estimated costs for closure and postclosure care is \$1,048,380. Buena Vista County has guaranteed this liability.